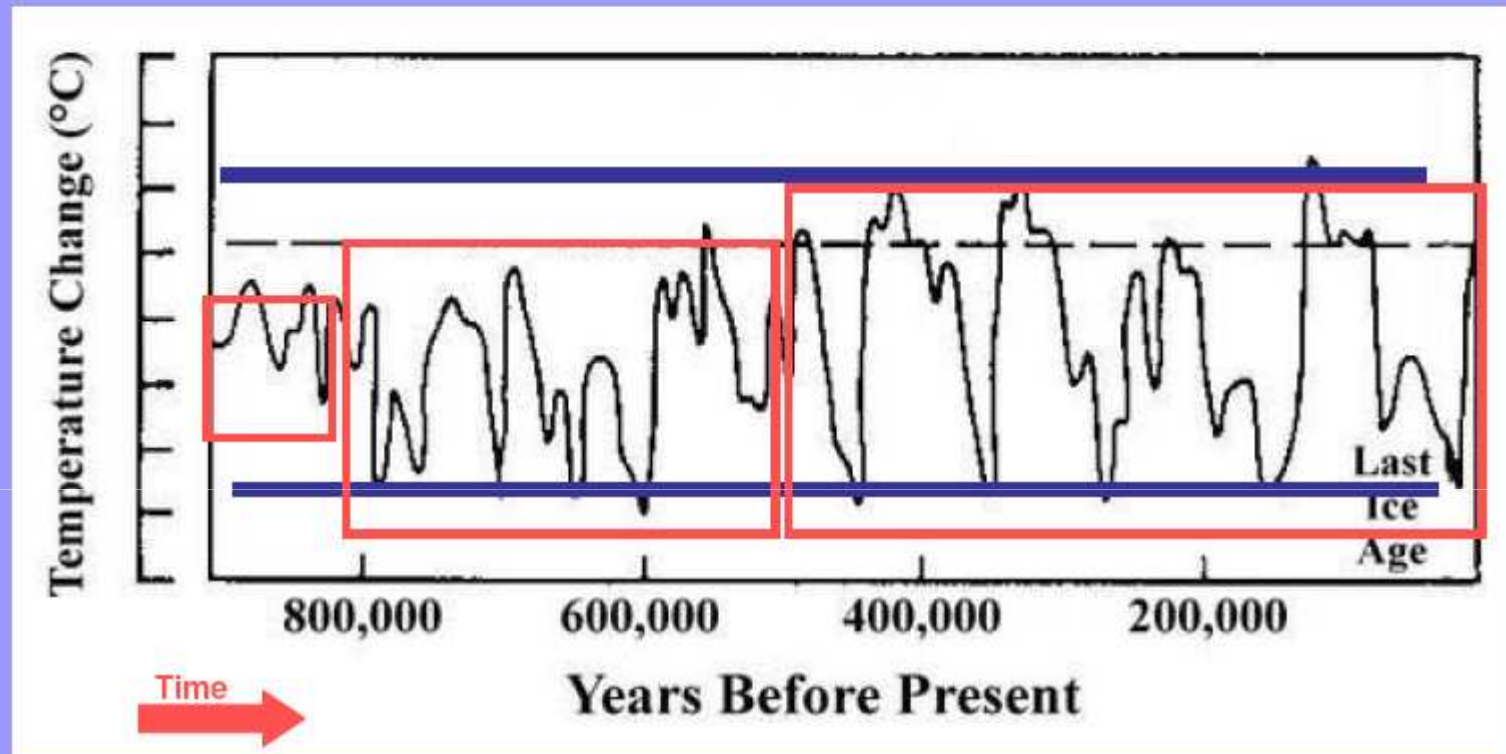


## The last million of years

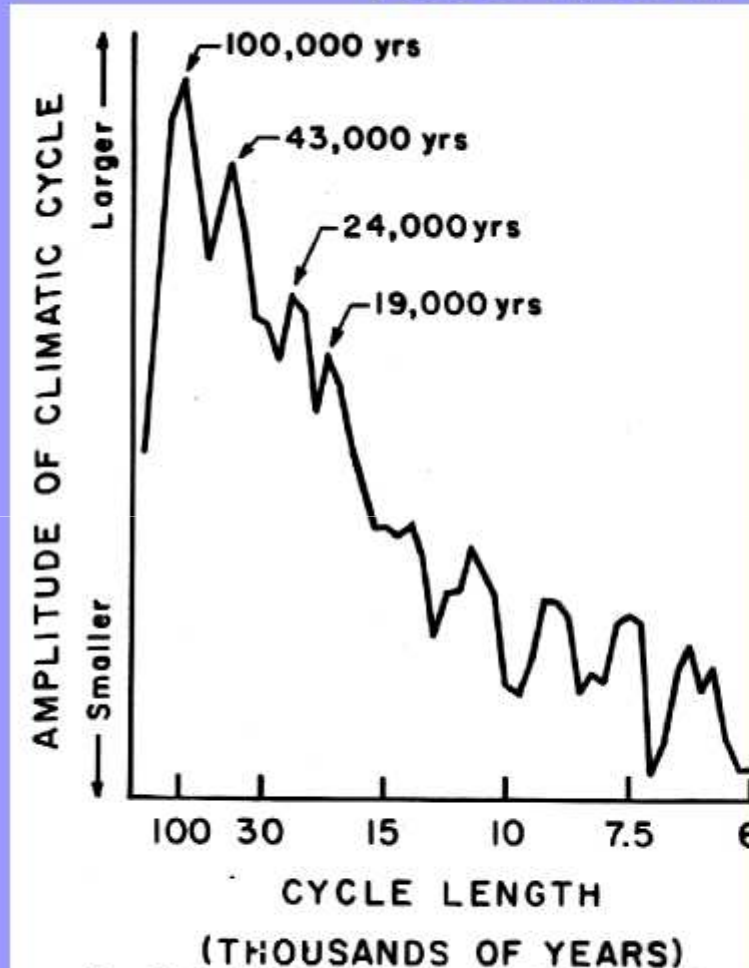


- About 700 ky ago there has been a variation in the duration of the ice sheet cycles: the period has changed from 40,000 to 100,000 years

## *Glaciers periods*

- Last 700 Ka were marked by wide swings indicating a large shift in the land ice amount
- These swings had a characteristic interval of about 100 Ky between successive periods of maximum glaciation
- Glaciers advanced and retreated in both hemispheres simultaneously
- Prior to about 700 Ky ago, the swings were more frequent and less extreme
- The dominant period of the glacial-interglacial swings in the early part of the record was about 41-43 Ky

# Harmonic Analysis

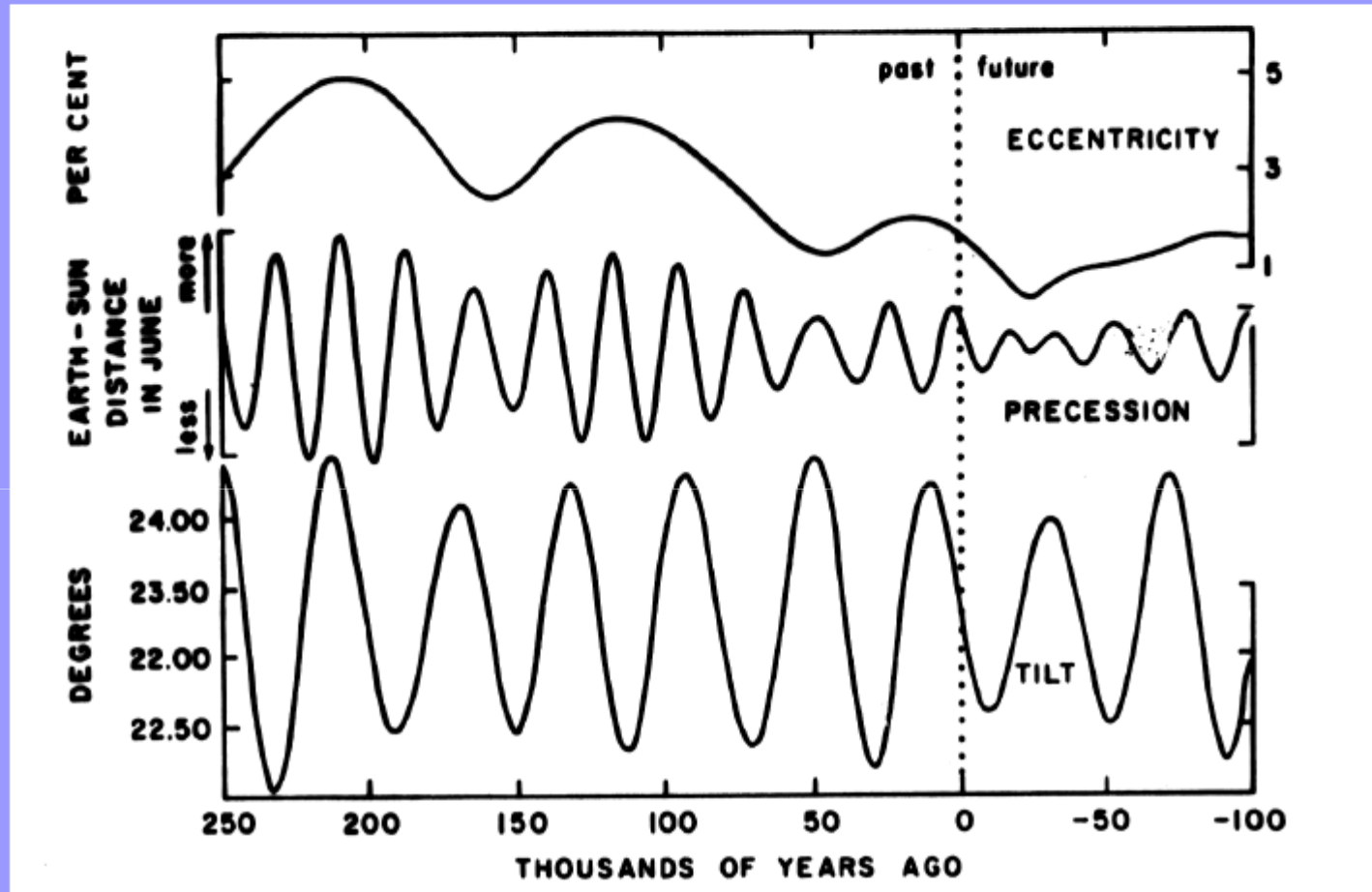


- Fourier spectra of isotopic record of ice volume (500 Ky)
- Most of the “power” is in variations with periods of 100 Ky, 43 Ky, and 24 Ky
- These periods correspond to periodicity of orbital changes

## *Orbital Theory of Ice Ages*

- Regular changes in shape of Earth's orbit and Earth-sun geometry as the "timekeeper" of ice ages
- First suggested in mid 19<sup>th</sup> Century by Adhemar and (later) LeVerrier and James Croll
- Quantified by Serbian mathematician Milutin Milankovitch in early 20<sup>th</sup> Century
- Hard to support with paleoclimate evidence of the day, fell out of favor until mid-1960's
- Modern paleoclimatic data in 1970's strongly supported Milankovitch theory

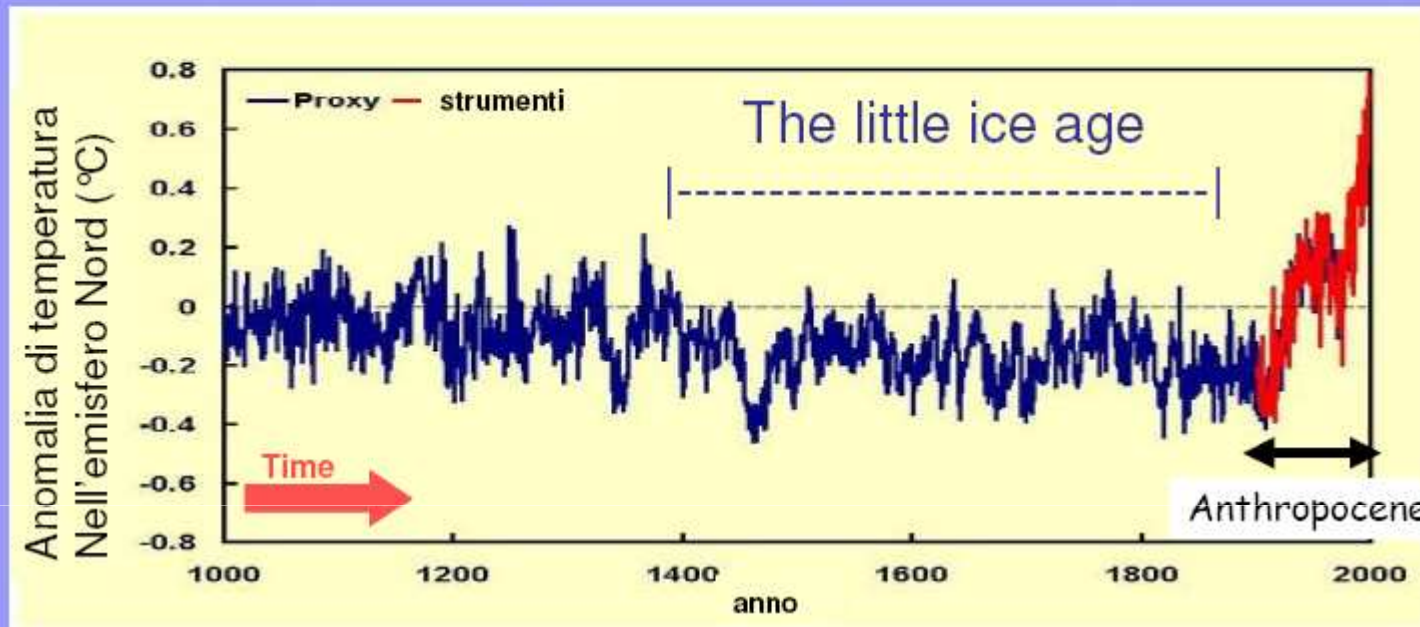
# Periodicities in Orbital Parameters



Variations in last 250 Ky and in next 100 Ky of the main parameters



# The last millennium



- Cooling of about  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  with respect to the medieval age, greater in the Northern hemisphere and during wintertime
  - Glacier progress
  - problems of agricultural productivity
  - migrations (Greenland)
- Hypotheses
  - < solar activity (-0.25%, Maunder minimum), > volcanic activity